2020 CLASS - VIII SOCIAL SCIENCES

Total marks: 80 Time: 3 hours

Gene	eral instruct	tions :							
i)	The question paper consists of five (5) categories of questions.								
ii)	General choice has been provided in 3 marks and 4 marks questions.								
iii)	Alternate	n no.5b. Only the							
	visually i								
iv)	Marks al								
	N.B: Che	eck that all pages of the qu	estion pap	er is complete as indicated on t	the top left side.				
1.	Choose the correct answer from the given alternatives:								
	(a) The	1							
		pig's fat	(ii)	cow's fat					
	(iii)	hen's fat	(iv)	only (i) and (ii)					
	(b) Gen	eral Havelock defeated			1				
	(i)	Tantia Tope	(ii)	Nana Saheb	-				
	(iii)	•	(iv)	Rani Lakshmi Bai					
	() TO1 1	4							
		Panchsheel Agreement is b			1				
	()	Bhutan China	(ii) (iv)	Sri Lanka Tibet					
	(111)	Cillia	(IV)	Hoet					
	(d) The	(d) The Treaty signed between India and Pakistan in 1960 is called							
	(i)	Indus Water Treaty	(ii)	Panchsheel Treaty					
	(iii)	Good Relation Treaty	(iv)	Samjhauta Treaty					
	(e) The i	(e) The point of origin of earthquake in the interior of the earth is							
	(i)	epicentre	(ii)	seismic centre	1				
	(iii)		(iv)	focus					
	(f) Biolo	1							
	(i) Bion	ogical disaster is referred a hydrogen	(ii)	n bomb'. nitrogen	•				
	(iii)	•	(iv)	atom					
	() T	4							
	(g) In w	1							
	(i) (iii)	Mumbai Kolkata	(ii)	New Delhi Chennai					
	(111)	NUIKALA	(iv)	Chemiai					
	(h) The	law and order in the publi	c is mainta	ined by the	1				
	(i)	police and court	(ii)	criminal					
	(iii)	public prosecutor	(iv)	judge					

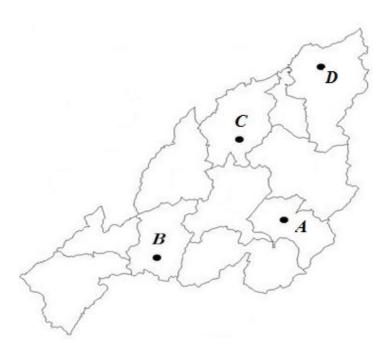
-2- *NB-E/SS/1*

	(i)	A judge of the High Court retires at the age of (i) 86 years (ii) 72 years (iii) 68 years (iv) 62 years			1	
	(j)	The full form of FIR is (i) First Information Report (iii) First Information Rescue	(ii) (iv)	First Investigation Report Final Investigation Report	1	
2. a.	Stat	e whether the following statemen	its are <i>t</i>	rue or false :	1x6=6	
	(i)	Man cannot create disasters.			(1)	
	(ii)	Cyclones can occur in any area.			(1)	
	(iii)	Floods only cause negative effects			(1)	
	(iv) There is a Chief Justice and 25 other judges in the Supreme Court at pre-					
	(v)	Indian judiciary has a single unific	ed judic	al system.	(1)	
	(vi)	Subordinate courts can only try co	riminal o	case.	(1)	
b.	Answer the following questions in one word or one sentence not exceeding 15 words:					
	(i)	List two main centres of the Revo	lt of 185	7.	(1)	
	(ii)	(ii) Mention any two factors affecting agriculture.				
	(iii)	Which country is the largest produ	ucer of	coffee?	(1)	
	(iv)	What are floods?			(1)	
	(v)	What are weather-associated dis-	asters?		(1)	
	(vi)	Who is a Public Prosecutor?			(1)	
3.	An	wer the questions in about 20-30) words	:	2x10=20	
	(i)	What is mercantilism?			(2)	
	(ii)	When and why did the British Par	rliament	pass the regulating Act?	(2)	
	(iii)	Mention the causes of the Revolt	of 1857.		(2)	
	(iv)	Write any two results of the Revo	lt of 185	7.	(2)	
	(v)	Write four problems women faced	d during	the 19 th century.	(2)	

-3- *NB-E/SS/1*

	(vi)	Mention any two causes of introducing the New Education System.	(2)
	(vii)	List four evils of the caste system.	(2)
	(viii)	Why is English continuing as an additional language in India?	(2)
	(ix)	What is the common problem that India and Myanmar have? How do they tackle it?	(1+1=2)
	(x)	Define agriculture.	(2)
4.	Ans	wer any six questions in about 35-45 words.	3x6=18
	(i)	What led to the Battle of Plassey? What were its results?	(1+2=3)
	(ii)	Briefly explain annexation by the Subsidiary Alliance System.	(3)
	(iii)	List any three provisions of the Pitt's Act.	(3)
	(iv)	Write a short note on Civil Services by the British.	(3)
	(v)	Briefly explain any two types of industries based on the raw materials they use.	(3)
	(vi)	Explain the terms manufacturing and industry.	(3)
	(vii)	What is meant by the terms – Secular, Socialist and Republic?	(3)
	(viii)	Mention three steps taken by the government to reduce unemploymen	nt. (3)
5. a.	Ans	wer any four questions in about 50-70 words.	4x4=16
	(i)	Give four reasons why the Indian states were easily defeated by the Britanian	itish. (4)
	(ii)	What was the Doctrine of Lapse? Which kingdoms were annexed under	er it?
			(2+2=4)
	(iii)	Mention any four objectives of the British administrative policy in Indi	a. (4)
	(iv)	Distinguish between public sector and joint sector industries.	(4)
	(v)	Enumerate the various Fundamental Rights given in the Indian Constitu	ution.(4)
	(vi)	Explain any two measures taken to control price-rise.	(4)

- 5.b. On the given political map of Nagaland, four features A, B, C, D have been indicated. Identify these features with the help of the information mentioned below and write their correct names against their letters.
 - i) Kohima
 - ii) Mokokchung
 - iii) Mon
 - iv) Kiphire



Note: This question is in lieu of Q5.b. for visually impaired candidates only.

Match the columns: (4)

Column A

- i) Prairies
- ii) Downs
- iii) Pampas
- iv) Steppes

Column B

- a) Grasslands of Australia
- b) Grasslands of Argentina
- c) Grasslands of Kazakhstan
- d) Grasslands of North America
- e) 27° 30° C
